

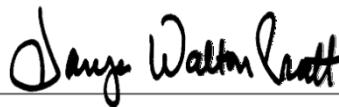
A lawsuit is duplicative if the “claims, parties, and available relief do not significantly differ between the two actions.” *Serlin v. Arthur Andersen & Co.*, 3 F.3d 221, 223 (7th Cir. 1993). “A district court has an ample degree of discretion in deferring to another federal proceeding involving the same parties and issues to avoid duplicative litigation.” *Trippe Mfg. Co. v. Am. Power Conversion Corp.*, 46 F.3d 624, 629 (7th Cir. 1995); *see Rizzo v. City of Wheaton, Ill.*, 462 Fed. Appx. 609, 613 (7th Cir. 2011) (“District courts have ample discretion to dismiss duplicative litigation. . . .”). Mr. Taylor contends that the defendants in this case have violated his

constitutional rights, but he has not explained why this case should not be dismissed as duplicative of the claims that have been raised in *Taylor v. Butts*, No. 1:15-cv-00874-TWP-TAB. In that case he alleges that the defendants—several of whom are also defendants in this case—sexually assaulted him in his cell in December 2014 through January 2015. His allegations in this case are essentially the same. Therefore, because the “claims, parties, and available relief do not significantly differ between the two actions,” *Serlin*, 3 F.3d at 223, this action is **dismissed without prejudice** as duplicative. The Court again reminds Mr. Taylor that if he desires to sue defendants named in this case that are not named in *Taylor v. Butts*, No. 1:15-cv-00874-TWP-TAB, he may file a motion to amend his complaint in No. 1:15-cv-00874-TWP-TAB to add those persons as defendants.

Given the foregoing, Mr. Taylor’s motion for leave to proceed *in forma pauperis* [dkt 10] is **denied as moot**. Judgment consistent with this entry shall now issue.

**IT IS SO ORDERED.**

Date: 8/18/2015



---

TANYA WALTON PRATT, JUDGE  
United States District Court  
Southern District of Indiana

Distribution:

CHARLES MACK TAYLOR  
994511  
NEW CASTLE PSYCHIATRIC UNIT  
P.O. Box A  
New Castle, IN 47362